Application No.: 09/893,965 2 Docket No.: 8733.472.00-US

## Amendment to the Claims:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A liquid crystal display device, comprising:
- a first substrate;
- a second substrate adjacent the first substrate;
- a plurality of switching elements arranged on the first substrate;
- a gate pad and a data pad arranged on the first substrate;
- a plurality of organic pixel electrodes on the first substrate; and
- a liquid crystal layer interposed between the first and second substrates,
- wherein an organic conductive layer is on each of the gate and data pad.
- 2. (Original) The liquid crystal display device of claim 1, wherein the organic pixel electrodes include an organic polymer.
- 3. (Original) The liquid crystal display device of claim 2, wherein the organic polymer is PEDOT (polyethylenedioxythiophene).
- 4. (Original) The liquid crystal display device of claim 1, wherein the switching elements include thin film transistors.
- 5. (Original) The liquid crystal display device of claim 4, wherein the thin film transistors are amorphous silicon thin film transistors.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The liquid crystal display device of claim 1, wherein each switching element comprises:
  - a gate electrode and a gate pad;
  - a gate insulating layer over the gate electrode;

Docket No.: 8733.472.00-US

a semiconductor layer on the gate insulating layer and over the gate electrode; and source and drain electrodes on the semiconductor layer,

wherein an organic conductive layer is on the gate pad.

- 7. (Original) The liquid crystal display device of claim 6, wherein the organic pixel electrodes electrically connect to the drain electrodes.
- 8. (Original) The liquid crystal display device of claim 6, further comprising a passivation layer over the plurality of switching elements and over the first substrate.
- 9. (Original) The liquid crystal display device of claim 8, wherein the passivation layer includes an organic material.
- 10. (Original) The liquid crystal display device of claim 9, wherein the organic material includes BCB.
- 11. (Original) The liquid crystal display device of claim 9, wherein the organic material includes acryl.
- 12. (Original) The liquid crystal display device of claim 8, wherein the passivation layer includes an inorganic material.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A liquid crystal display device including a thin film transistor substrate, wherein the thin film transistor substrate comprises:
  - a substrate having an active area and a pad area;
  - a gate line and a crossing data line;
  - a thin film transistor at a crossing between the gate and data lines;
- a passivation layer over the thin film transistor, wherein the passivation layer includes a contact hole; and

Application No.: 09/893,965

4

Docket No.: 8733.472.00-US

an organic pixel electrode formed in the active area, wherein the organic pixel electrode connects to the thin film transistor through the contact hole; and

an organic conductive layer of the pad area.

- 14. (Original) The liquid crystal display device of claim 13, wherein the organic pixel electrode includes an organic polymer.
- 15. (Original) The liquid crystal display device of claim 14, wherein the organic polymer is PEDOT (polyethylenedioxythiophene).
- 16. (Original) The liquid crystal display device of claim 14, wherein the organic pixel electrode is electrically-conductive.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The liquid crystal display device of claim 14, wherein the organic pixel electrode is in an area bounded by gate and data lines.
  - 18. (Withdrawn) A method of fabricating a liquid crystal display device, comprising: forming a plurality of thin film transistors on a first substrate;

forming a passivation layer on the first substrate and over the plurality of thin film transistors;

forming a plurality of organic pixel electrodes on the passivation layer, wherein the plurality of organic pixel electrodes electrically connect to the plurality of thin film transistors;

attaching the first substrate to a second substrate such that a gap exists between the first substrate and the second substrate; and

interposing a liquid crystal in the gap.

19. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, wherein forming the plurality of thin film transistors includes:

Docket No.: 8733.472.00-US

forming a gate electrode on the first substrate;

forming a gate insulating layer over the first substrate and over the gate electrode;

forming a semiconductor layer on the gate insulating layer and over the gate electrode; and

forming a source electrode and a drain electrode on the semiconductor layer.

20. The method of claim 19, wherein forming the passivation layer includes:

forming a passivation layer over the source and drain electrodes; and

patterning the passivation layer to expose a portion of a drain electrode.

21. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, wherein forming a plurality of organic pixel electrodes includes:

locating an organic polymer layer on the first substrate; and

selectively exposing portions of the organic polymer layer to light so as to make the exposed portions electrically-conductive.

- 22. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 21, wherein locating the organic polymer layer on the first substrate is performed by coating.
- 23. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 21, wherein locating the organic polymer layer on the first substrate is performed by screen printing.
- 24. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, wherein forming the plurality of organic pixel electrodes includes:

locating PEDOT (polyethylenedioxythiophene) on the passivation layer; and

selectively illuminating the PEDOT (polyethylenedioxythiophene) to form the plurality of organic pixel electrodes.

6

- 25. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24, wherein the PEDOT (polyethylenedioxythiophene) is located on the passivation layer by coating.
- 26. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24, wherein the PEDOT (polyethylenedioxythiophene) is located on the passivation layer by screen printing
- 27. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, wherein the passivation layer includes an organic material.
- 28. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, wherein the passivation layer includes an inorganic material.
  - 29. (Withdrawn) A method of fabricating a liquid crystal display device, comprising: forming a gate line and a crossing data line on a substrate;

forming a thin film transistor on the substrate and adjacent to the crossing;

forming a passivation layer over the substrate, including over the thin film transistor; and

forming an organic pixel electrode on the passivation layer.

- 30. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the organic pixel electrode electrically connects to the thin film transistor.
  - 31. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, further comprising: simultaneously forming a gate pad with the gate line; simultaneously forming a data pad with the data line; and

Application No.: 09/893,965

D

Docket No.: 8733.472.00-US

simultaneously forming organic conductive layers on the gate and data pads.

7

32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherien forming the organic pixel electrode includes:

forming an organic polymer layer on the passivation layer; and

illuminating selected portions of the organic polymer layer so as to render the exposed portions electrically-conductive.

33. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 32, wherein the organic polymer layer includes PEDOT (polyethylenedioxythiophene). 18-33. (Withdrawn)